Safety Data Sheet



according to OSHA Hazard Communication 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Section 1. Identification

Product Information:	12W-D310
Product Name:	WHITE LOW VOC MODIFIED ACRYLIC TRAFFIC MARKING PAINT
Recommended Use:	Liquid Paint
Application Method:	See Product Data Sheet
Supplied by:	Aexcel Corporation 7373 Production Drive. Mentor, OH 44060
Emergency Telephone: Safety Data Sheet Coordinator:	Chemtrec: 800-424-9300 mmann@aexcelcorp.com

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Flammable liquid and vapor.

GHS Classification

Eye Irrit. 2B, Flam. Liq. 2, Repr. 1A, STOT SE 3 NE, STOT SE 3 RTI

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

Possible Hazards

23% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Eye Irritation, category 2B	H320
Flammable Liquid, category 2	H225
Reproductive Toxicity, category 1A	H360
STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE	H336
STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI	H335

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Causes eye irritation.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.		
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.		
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.		
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.		
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.		
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.		
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam to extinguish.		
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.		
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.		
P405	Store locked up.		
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local rules and regulations.		
GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS			
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.		
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.		
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.		
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.		

Section 3. Composition/Information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	<u>Wt. %</u>	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
ACETONE	67-64-1	10-25	GHS02-GHS07	H225-320-335-336
ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILATES	8032-32-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07-	H225-304-315-320-332-336
			GHS08	

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

Section 4. First-aid measures



FIRST AID - INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash off with soap and water.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Flush eye(s) immediately with plenty of water. Rinse with plenty of water.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: May be ignited by open flame. Remove all sources of ignition. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Please refer to guidance NFPA 77, Recommended Practice on Static Electricity (2007); API Recommended Practice 2003, Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lightning, And Stray Currents (2008). Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

Section 6. Accidental release measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as

hazardous waste.

Section 7. Handling and storage



HANDLING: Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. All metal parts of the mixing and processing equipment must be grounded. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Hazardous fumes can also occur in post-processing operations.

STORAGE: Harmful - Store away from foodstuffs. Keep containers tightly closed. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked-up. For Industrial Use Only

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits				
<u>Chemical Name</u>	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH-TLV STEL	<u>OSHA PEL-TWA</u>	OSHA PEL-CEILING
ACETONE	250 ppm	500 ppm	1000 ppm	NE
ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILATES	300	400	300	NE

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

Personal Protection



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. In the case of respirable dust and/or fumes, use self-contained breathing apparatus.



SKIN PROTECTION: Impervious gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses with side-shields.



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Impervious clothing.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. General industrial hygiene practice. It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling Range (F):
Odor:
Appearance:
Solubility in Water:
Freeze Point:
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):
Physical State:

132 - 536 Characteristic Heavy Liquid NE NE 180.80 Liquid

Odor Threshold: Evaporation Rate: Specific Gravity: pH: Viscosity: Flash Point, °C:

Vapor Density:

3.80 NE 2.00 1.511 NE NE -17, °F 1.4

VP mmHg

at DEG. F

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

CHEMICAL NAME VAPOR DENSITY EVAPORATION RATE BOILING POINT

ACETONE	NE	NE	132	180.80	68
ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILATES	3.80	2.00	240	10.20	68

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under normal conditions. Stable if used as directed.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Keep away from strong oxidizing agents, heat and open flames.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: No decomposition if used as directed.

Section 11. Toxicological information



Practical Experiences

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Inhalation may cause irritation to the respiratory tract (nose, mouth, mucous membranes).

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Direct skin contact may cause irritation. Local ventilation of emission sources may be necessary to maintain ambient concentrations below recommended exposure limits.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Direct eye contact may cause irritation. Mild eye irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

CARCINOGENICITY: No Information

Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Name according to EEC	<u>Oral LD50</u>	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
67-64-1	ACETONE	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.
8032-32-4	ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILATES	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.

N.I. - No Information

Section 12. Ecological information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.

Section 13. Disposal considerations



Product

DISPOSAL METHOD: Contact waste disposal services. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste.

Section 14. Transport information

SPECIAL TRANSPORT PRECAUTIONS: No Information

DOT Proper Shipping DOT Technical Name: DOT Hazard Class: DOT UN/NA Number: Paint, Flammable Liquid Paint 3 1263 Packing Group: Hazard SubClass: Resp. Guide Page: II No Information 128

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids), Reproductive toxicity, Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA SECTION 312:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
ACETONE	67-64-1
ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILATES	8032-32-4

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS-No.
ACETONE	67-64-1
XYLENE	1330-20-7
METHANOL	67-56-1
SOLIDS COBALT 12%	136-52-7
CUMENE	98-82-8
BUTYL CARBITOL (DB)	112-34-5

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

All components of this material are listed on the US Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA inventory).

U.S. State Regulations:

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product.

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
CALCIUM CARBONATE	1317-65-3
BUTYL METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER	28262-63-7
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%.

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
CALCIUM CARBONATE	1317-65-3
BUTYL METHACRYLATE COPOLYMER	28262-63-7
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7
PURE DRYING MED OIL	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 CARCINOGENS



The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause Cancer:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7
DI-ISONONYL PHTHALATE	28553-12-0
CUMENE	98-82-8

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS

The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause birth defects, or other reproductive hazards.

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
METHANOL	67-56-1

International Regulations: As follows -

CANADIAN WHMIS:

All components of this material are listed on the Domestic Substance List.

WHMIS Class: No Information

Section 16. Other information, including date of preparation of the last revision						
Revision Date:	4/17/2024			Sup	ercedes Date:	1/13/2021
Reason for revision: Product Composition Changed Substance Chemical Name Changed Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s): 01 - Product Information 02 - Hazards Identification 08 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection 09 - Physical & Chemical Information 15 - Regulatory Information Substance CAS Number Changed Substance Hazardous Flag Changed Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed Revision Statement(s) Changed						
Datasheet produced by	: Regulatory	Department				
HMIS Ratings:						
Health: 2	Flammability:	3	Reactivity:	0	Personal Protection:	X

Volatile Organic Compounds, gr/ltr:

94

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H320	Causes eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined, N.I. - No Information

No Information